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Hard to abate, Net Zero Power, DPA, Hydrogen, CCUS One Common Point: Acting is Urgent



An integrated approach to addressing barriers

- The UK has a large CO₂ storage potential waiting to be unleash. Government needs to foster further investments by creating the right environment.
- Areas for improvement to accelerate the deployment of T&S projects and consolidate the UK's leadership in CCS:
 - 1. The need to **streamline planning and consenting processes**, and the coordination between the different regulatory bodies
 - **2.** HMG to show continued support to the CCUS sector in the context of the upcoming Spring Budget and announced publication of the "UK's Industrial Strategy". This includes accelerating decisions on the Track-1 expansion process and long-term signalling and stability
 - **3.** HMG to strengthen efforts to remove regulatory barriers to the cross-border trade of CO₂ between the UK and the European Union, thus allowing the UK to offer CO₂ storage solutions to EU Emitters resulting in overall cost reduction and lowering investment thresholds for UK emitters.

Hard to abate, Net Zero Power, DPA, Hydrogen, CCUS Case study: Bacton Thames Net Zero



Cross Border trade of CO2 as enabler of UK decarbonisation opportunities and more

Geographical distribution of potential unrisked CO₂ volumes

Bacton Thames Net Zero (Hewett store)

- 1. is strategically positioned to help decarbonise the UK's Southeast region and London industrial area, as well as to attract CO₂ flows from Europe
- 2. enables low carbon hydrogen production and distribution to the London area;
- **3.** offers very competitive T&S technical costs;
- 4. allows for a fast time-to-market (first injection by early 2030).





Grazie